

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2017 and 2018 HB5186

by Rep. Tim Butler

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the Sports Wagering Act. Provides that the Act becomes operative when the federal Professional and Amateur Sports Protection Act is repealed by the United States Congress or overturned by the United States Supreme Court, whichever is earlier. Authorizes sports wagering in the State by organization licensees under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Creates the Division of Sports Wagering within the Illinois Gaming Board to issue licenses under the Act. Provides for application and eligibility for sports wagering licensure. Provides license requirements for sports wagering licenses. Requires a sports wagering licensee to establish systems to verify that an authorized wagerer is 21 years of age or older. Provides persons not authorized to place sports wagers. Requires the Division to develop responsible gaming measures, including a statewide responsible gaming database. Creates the Responsible Sports Wagering Advisory Board to make recommendations to the Executive Director of the Division regarding the development of rules and procedures to reduce and prevent problem or compulsive gambling and youth gambling and to ensure the conduct of safe, fair, and responsible sports wagering. Contains provisions concerning tax and purse distributions. Provides that the Act repeals on January 1 of the 11th year following the year in which a sports wagering licensee begins sports wagering activity under the Act. Makes conforming changes in the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, the Freedom of Information Act, the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, and the Criminal Code of 2012.

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CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning gaming.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Sports
 Wagering Act.
- Section 5. Legislative intent. The General Assembly finds and declares that:
 - (1) It has been estimated that the illegal sports wagering market in the United States is \$400,000,000,000 annually. At present, the State of Illinois is roughly 4% of the United States' population. Thus, Illinois citizens could be illegally wagering as much as \$16,000,000,000 each year on sports or \$1,250 each year for every person in Illinois. Moreover, these wagers are being placed with no protections for the citizens of Illinois. It is imperative that the legalization of sports wagering in Illinois encompass consumer protections to make certain that no person under the age of 21 is allowed to place a sports wager; that sports wagering is prohibited for youth sporting events and limited to professional and collegiate sporting events and athletic competitions; that any person who cannot control his or her sports wagering activity on his or her own can seek help for his or her addiction and

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have the ability to exclude himself or herself from sports wagering activity or set limits on his or her sports wagering activity and that moneys be provided to State agencies that can provide that help; and that all wagering locations have their sports wagering systems tested by a reputable testing company approved by the Illinois Gaming Board.

(2) The horse racing industry has lost more than 20,000 jobs since 1996, when more than 30,000 Illinoisans worked in the industry as trainers, jockeys, drivers, grooms, hot walkers, agents, veterinarians, blacksmiths, and workers Illinois breeding farms. Illinois lost these jobs because 23 other states passed laws that supplement the purse structures in their states while Illinois has not. Because of the unequal purse structure of racing, horse racing jobs have left the State and gone to states with a higher purse structure. Horse racing is an agribusiness and the loss of jobs in Illinois is directly related to the rapid decline of the racehorse breeding industry in the State. In 1996, over 3,000 registered racehorse foals were born and there were 425 registered stallions. In 2010, there were only about 1,200 registered racehorse foals born that year and 185 stallions. In 2017, only 400 foals were produced from just 90 stallions. As the jobs and the agricultural impact left, so did the ability for industry workers to find work in Illinois. Racing dates or racing

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opportunities are the way horsemen get paid. The more race dates, the more races, the greater earning potential. In 1996, there were 6 different race tracks racing a total of 963 days in a year. In 2010, there were 5 different race tracks, racing a total of 493 days in a year. In 2017, there were only 3 different race tracks that raced a total of 251 days. This legislation is intended to provide horse racing with the help it needs to return the jobs that have left, reinvigorate the breeding farms to produce more Illinois horses, and provide a suitable amount of racing opportunities so Illinois industry workers can make a decent living in Illinois. To accomplish these goals, this bill would authorize sports wagering but limit it to inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees for a period of 10 years, when the law will repeal. After 10 years, the General Assembly can decide to continue helping the horse racing industry by removing the repeal or open sports wagering to the State's other gambling licensees.

Section 10. Operative date. This Act becomes operative when the federal Professional and Amateur Sports Protection Act is repealed by the United States Congress or when the United States Supreme Court determines that Congress may not prohibit states from authorizing sports wagering, whichever is earlier.

- 1 Section 15. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 2 "Adjusted gross receipts" means the total dollar amount of
- 3 cash or cash equivalents received from the conduct of sports
- 4 wagering minus the total of:
- 5 (1) cash or cash equivalents paid to winning wagerers
- as a result of sports wagering; and
- 7 (2) the actual cost paid by a sports wagering licensee
- 8 for non-cash prizes awarded to wagerers as a result of
- 9 sports wagering.
- "Authorized wagerer" means an individual who is not a
- 11 minor.
- "Board" means the Illinois Gaming Board.
- "Division" means the Division of Sports Wagering within
- the Illinois Gaming Board.
- 15 "Minor" means a person under 21 years of age.
- "Outstanding tickets" means winning wagers placed at a
- 17 sports wagering facility that have not been presented for
- 18 payment.
- "Sporting event" means a professional or collegiate sports
- or athletic event. "Sporting event" does not include horse
- 21 racing conducted under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.
- "Sports wagering" means to wagering conducted on sporting
- events.
- "Sports wagering facility" means a physical location owned
- or operated by a sports wagering licensee where sports wagering
- is conducted.

- 1 "Sports wagering licensee" means an organization licensee
- 2 licensed under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 eligible
- 3 for a sports wagering license under Section 35 of this Act.
- 4 Section 20. Sports wagering authorized.
- 5 (a) Sports wagering in Illinois is hereby authorized in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- 7 (b) This Act does not apply to the pari-mutuel system of wagering used or intended to be used in connection with the 8 9 horse-race meetings as authorized under the Illinois Horse 10 Racing Act of 1975, lottery games authorized under the Illinois 11 Lottery Law, riverboat gambling authorized under the Riverboat 12 Gambling Act, video gaming authorized under the Video Gaming Act, bingo authorized under the Bingo License and Tax Act, 1.3 14 charitable games authorized under the Charitable Games Act, or 15 pull tabs and jar games conducted under the Illinois Pull Tabs 16 and Jar Games Act.
- 17 (c) Sports wagering may be conducted in Illinois at
 18 locations owned or operated by sports wagering licensees and
 19 approved by the Board.
- 20 Section 25. Sports wagering limited; repeal.
- 21 (a) Sports wagering is limited to entities awarded 22 organization licenses, inter-track wagering licenses, and 23 inter-track wagering location licenses by the Illinois Racing 24 Board pursuant to the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.

1 (b) This Act repeals to allow the General Assembly to
2 revisit the impact of sports wagering on the citizens of
3 Illinois, the impact on the horse racing industry, and to
4 determine if sports wagering should be opened to other gambling
5 licensees in the State.

Section 30. Division of Sports Wagering. The Division of Sports Wagering is established within the Board and shall have all of the powers and duties specified in this Act and all other powers necessary and proper to enable it to fully and effectively execute the provisions of this Act for the purpose of administering, regulating, and enforcing the system of sports wagering established by this Act. The Division's jurisdiction shall extend under this Act to every person, corporation, partnership, or other entity involved in sports wagering operations. To the extent consistent with the provisions of this Act, the Division shall be subject to and governed by the laws and rules applicable to the Board. The Division shall be funded with moneys appropriated to the Board.

Section 35. Application and eligibility for licensure.

(a) The Division is authorized to issue sports wagering licenses to persons, firms, partnerships, or corporations that apply for such licensure upon a determination by the Division that the applicant is eligible for a sports wagering license under this Act and rules adopted by the Division.

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- (b) A qualified applicant may apply to the Division for a sports wagering license to offer wagering on sports as provided in this Act. The application shall be made on forms provided by the Division and shall contain such information as the Division prescribes, including, but not limited to. information regarding the ownership and management of the applicant, detailed personal information regarding applicant, financial information regarding the applicant, and the wagering history and experience of the applicant in the United States and other jurisdictions.
- 11 (c) Each application shall be accompanied by a non-refundable application fee of \$250,000.
 - (d) An application shall be filed and considered in accordance with the rules of the Division. An incomplete application shall be cause for denial of a license by the Division.
 - (e) A person, association, corporation, partnership, or entity commits a Class B misdemeanor for the first violation and commits a Class A misdemeanor for a second or subsequent violation if the person, association, corporation, partnership, or entity: (i) knowingly makes a materially false statement to obtain a sports wagering license; (ii) knowingly advertises within the State of Illinois a game, product, or feature that is not authorized by the license; or (iii) violates any provision of this Act or any rule adopted under this Act. In the case of an association, corporation,

- partnership, or entity, imprisonment may be imposed upon its officers who knowingly participated in the violation.
 - (f) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, an assignment or transfer of an interest in a sports wagering license or a greater than 10% interest, direct or indirect, in an entity holding a sport wagering license is subject to the written approval by the Division. Approved transferees are subject to a \$250,000 non-refundable application fee.
 - (g) Eligibility for application for a sports wagering license is limited to a person or entity that holds a valid and unrevoked organization license issued pursuant to the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, but only if the organization licensee conducted more than 30 days of live racing in calendar year 2017, except that 2 additional sports wagering licenses may be issued to entities awarded organization licenses by the Illinois Racing Board in or after 2018 that exclusively conduct standardbred racing.
 - (h) A license fee of \$5,000,000 shall be paid to the Division by a sports wagering licensee at the time of issuance of the license. All application and license fees shall be deposited into the State Gaming Fund. The license fee imposed by this Section shall constitute an advance payment of sports wagering taxes owed by the sports wagering licensee.
- Section 40. License requirements for sports wagering licenses.

(a) No sports wagering license may be awarded to any entity
that is eligible for a sports wagering license because of an
organization license awarded by the Illinois Racing Board,
unless the entity meets the following conditions:

- (1) The entity must hold a valid organization license awarded by the Illinois Racing Board for the term of the sports wagering license.
- (2) The entity must hold a valid inter-track wagering license awarded by the Illinois Racing Board for the term of the sports wagering license.
- (3) The entity must hold valid inter-track wagering location licenses awarded by the Illinois Racing Board for the term of the sport wagering license.
- (4) The entity must have a signed contract with the horsemen association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting, with the right to execute or decline such contract without condition, that stipulates:
 - (A) the number of races to be conducted at the racing meeting and penalties for failure to conduct those races;
 - (B) the amounts to be distributed to purse accounts and penalties for failure to timely make such distributions; and
 - (C) the elimination of money payable from purses to

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- organization licensees under paragraph (13) of subsection (g) of Section 26 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.
 - (5) In the event that an organization licensee conducts racing for more than one breed of race horse, the entity must have a signed contract stipulating all requirements in paragraph (4) of this subsection (a) for each horsemen association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting and the right to execute or decline the contract without condition.
 - (6) The entity may not receive any proceeds from adjusted gross receipts during any period that adjusted gross receipts are not being deposited into the purse accounts as provided in the signed contract with the applicable horsemen association.
 - (b) A sports wagering license issued under this Act shall be valid until January 1, 2029.
- 19 (c) No license issued under this Act is transferable or 20 assignable.
- 21 Section 45. Distribution of license fees.
- 22 (a) Fees collected under Section 35 shall be deposited into 23 the State Gaming Fund.
- 24 (b) Fees collected under Section 35 shall be used as follows:

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1	(1) 25% percent shall be paid, subject to appropriation
2	by the General Assembly, to the Department of Human
3	Services for administration of programs for the treatment
4	of compulsive gambling.

- 5 (2) 75% percent shall be used for the administration of this Act.
- 7 Section 50. Age verification and responsible gaming.
 - (a) A sports wagering licensee shall establish systems approved by the Division to verify that an authorized wagerer is 21 years of age or older.
- 11 (b) A sports wagering facility shall limit entrance to 12 persons 21 years of age or older.
 - (c) If an authorized wagerer violates any provision of this Act or rule adopted by the Division, then the wagerer's winnings shall be forfeited. Forfeited winnings shall be deposited into the State Gaming Fund.
 - (d) The following persons shall not be authorized to place sports wagers at a sports wagering facility, except where required and authorized by the Division for testing purposes or to otherwise fulfill the purposes set forth in this Act:
 - (1) a minor under 21 years of age;
 - (2) a current member of the Lottery Control Board;
- 23 (3) a current officer or other person employed by the 24 Department of the Lottery, the Division, the Illinois 25 Racing Board, or the Board;

1	(4) a spouse, civil union partner, child, brother,
2	sister, or parent residing as a member of the same
3	nousehold in the principal place of abode of any persons
4	identified in this subsection (d); and

- (5) an individual whose name appears in the Division's responsible gaming database.
- (e) The Division shall develop responsible gaming measures, including a statewide responsible gaming database identifying individuals who are prohibited from wagering on sports. The Executive Director of the Division may place a person on the responsible gaming database if that person:
 - (1) has been convicted in any jurisdiction of a felony or a crime involving gaming;
 - (2) has violated this Act, the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, the Riverboat Gambling Act, the Raffles and Poker Runs Act, the Illinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act, the Bingo License and Tax Act, the Charitable Games Act, or the Video Gaming Act;
 - (3) has performed any act or had a notorious or unsavory reputation that would adversely affect public confidence and trust in gaming; or
 - (4) has his or her name on any valid and current exclusion list from another jurisdiction in the United States or foreign jurisdiction.
- (f) By rule, the Division shall adopt procedures for the establishment and maintenance of the responsible gaming

- database. The Board and the Illinois Racing Board, in a format specified by the Division, shall provide the Division with names of individuals to be included in the responsible gaming database. The Division may impose reasonable fees on persons authorized to access and use the responsible gaming database.
 - (g) In a clear, conspicuous, and accessible manner, a sports wagering licensee shall offer responsible gambling services and technical controls to participants, including both temporary and permanent self-exclusion for all sports wagers offered; the ability for participants to establish their own periodic deposit and wagering limits and maximum playing times; referrals to crisis counseling and referral services for individuals and families experiencing difficulty as a result of problem or compulsive gambling; and other services as the Division reasonably may determine are necessary or appropriate to reduce and prevent problem gambling.
 - (h) An authorized wagerer who is allowed to participate in sports wagering may voluntarily prohibit himself or herself from sports wagering. The Division shall incorporate the voluntary self-exclusion list into the responsible gaming database and maintain both the self-exclusion list and the responsible gaming database in a confidential manner.
 - (i) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the self-exclusion list and responsible gaming database are not public records subject to copying and disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

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- 1 Section 55. Responsible Sports Wagering Advisory Board.
 - (a) There is created the Responsible Sports Wagering Advisory Board to make recommendations to the Executive Director of the Division regarding the development of rules and procedures to reduce and prevent problem or compulsive gambling and youth gambling and to ensure the conduct of safe, fair, and responsible sports wagering. The Advisory Board shall consist of the following members:
 - (1) the Chairman of the Board, who shall be an ex officio member and shall serve as Chairperson;
 - (2) the Chairman of the Illinois Racing Board;
 - (3) the Executive Director of the Division, who shall be an ex officio member:
 - (4) one representative from a national organization dedicated to the study and prevention of problem gambling, appointed by the Board;
 - (5) one member who is an academic professional engaged in the study of problem gambling at a university or other institution of higher learning, appointed by the Board;
 - (6) one member who has professional experience and expertise in the field of technical and systemic controls for responsible sports wagering, appointed by the Board;
 - (7) one member representing an organization licensee, appointed by the Board;
 - (8) one member representing a horsemen's organization

- with a current contract with an organization licensee, appointed by the Board; and
 - (9) one member who is an Illinois citizen and a member of the public, appointed by the Board.
 - (b) Each Advisory Board member shall serve for a term of 4 years and until his or her successor is appointed and qualified. However, in making initial appointments, 3 shall be appointed to serve for 2 years and 3 shall be appointed to serve for 4 years. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be made in the same manner as original appointments for the unexpired portion of the vacated term. Initial terms shall begin on the effective date of this Act. Each member of the Advisory Board shall be eligible for reappointment at the discretion of the Board.
 - (c) A member of the Advisory Board may be removed from office for just cause. Advisory Board members shall receive no compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in connection with their duties as Advisory Board members.
 - (d) Six members shall constitute a quorum. A majority vote of the Advisory Board is required for an Advisory Board decision.
 - (e) The Advisory Board shall meet no less often than once every 6 months and shall meet as often as the Chairperson deems necessary. Advisory Board members are not liable for any of their acts, omissions, decisions, or any other conduct in connection with their duties on the Advisory Board, except

- 1 those involving willful, wanton, or intentional misconduct.
- 2 (f) The Advisory Board may have such powers as may be
- 3 granted by the Executive Director to carry out the provisions
- 4 of this Act regarding responsible sports wagering.
- 5 Section 60. Outstanding tickets. The sum held by a licensee
- 6 for payment of outstanding tickets, if unclaimed prior to
- 7 December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the licensee
- 8 for payment of those tickets until that date. Within 10 days
- 9 thereafter, the balance of the sum remaining unclaimed shall be
- 10 evenly distributed to the purse account of the organization
- 11 licensee and the organization licensee. An outstanding ticket
- shall be honored until December 31 of the next calendar year.
- 13 Section 65. Imposition and distribution of tax.
- 14 (a) A tax of 30% is imposed on the adjusted gross receipts
- of sports wagering and shall be collected by the Board and
- deposited into the Capital Projects Fund.
- 17 (b) The tax shall be reported and remitted to the Board
- 18 within 15 days after the 15th day of each month and within 15
- 19 days after the end of each month by the sports wagering
- 20 licensee.
- 21 (c) A sports wagering licensee who falsely reports or fails
- 22 to report the amount due required by this Section commits a
- 23 Class 4 felony and is subject to termination of his or her
- 24 license by the Board.

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- 1 (d) All payments not remitted when due shall be paid 2 together with a penalty assessment on the unpaid balance at a 3 rate of 1.5% per month.
- Section 70. Non-cash prizes. Total of non-cash prizes may not exceed 20% of the remainder of the total dollar amount of cash or cash equivalents received from the conduct of sports wagering minus the cash or cash equivalents paid to winning wagerers as a result of sports wagering.
- 9 Section 75. Purse distributions.
- 10 (a) A sports wagering licensee shall pay no less than 30% 11 of adjusted gross receipts as purses.
 - (b) Until the Illinois Racing Board authorizes a new standardbred track and the organization licensee operating the new track receives a sports wagering license from the Division, each sports wagering licensee shall transfer monthly an amount equal to 12% of its adjusted gross receipts to the standardbred purse account of the organization licensee awarded a standardbred race meeting by the Illinois Racing Board.
 - (c) After a new standardbred track is authorized by the Illinois Racing Board and receives a sports wagering license from the Division, a sports wagering licensee may cease transferring 12% of its adjusted gross receipts to standardbred purse accounts.
- 24 (d) After a new standardbred track is authorized by the

- 1 Illinois Racing Board, if an organization licensee is awarded
- 2 standardbred dates and thoroughbred dates, then the purse
- 3 moneys derived from sports wagering shall be redistributed pro
- 4 rata based on racing days awarded by the Illinois Racing Board.
- 5 Section 80. Rulemaking. The Board shall adopt emergency
- for rules to administer this Act in accordance with Section 5-45 of
- 7 the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. For the purposes of
- 8 the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, the General
- 9 Assembly finds that the adoption of rules to implement this Act
- 10 is deemed an emergency and necessary to the public interest,
- 11 safety, and welfare.
- 12 Section 85. Sunset. This Act is repealed on January 1 of
- 13 the 11th year following the year in which a sports wagering
- 14 licensee begins sports wagering activity under this Act.
- 15 Section 905. The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is
- amended by changing Section 5-45 as follows:
- 17 (5 ILCS 100/5-45) (from Ch. 127, par. 1005-45)
- 18 Sec. 5-45. Emergency rulemaking.
- 19 (a) "Emergency" means the existence of any situation that
- 20 any agency finds reasonably constitutes a threat to the public
- 21 interest, safety, or welfare.
- 22 (b) If any agency finds that an emergency exists that

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requires adoption of a rule upon fewer days than is required by Section 5-40 and states in writing its reasons for that finding, the agency may adopt an emergency rule without prior notice or hearing upon filing a notice of emergency rulemaking with the Secretary of State under Section 5-70. The notice shall include the text of the emergency rule and shall be published in the Illinois Register. Consent orders or other court orders adopting settlements negotiated by an agency may adopted under this Section. Subject to applicable constitutional or statutory provisions, an emergency rule becomes effective immediately upon filing under Section 5-65 or at a stated date less than 10 days thereafter. The agency's finding and a statement of the specific reasons for the finding shall be filed with the rule. The agency shall take reasonable and appropriate measures to make emergency rules known to the persons who may be affected by them.

(c) An emergency rule may be effective for a period of not longer than 150 days, but the agency's authority to adopt an identical rule under Section 5-40 is not precluded. No emergency rule may be adopted more than once in any 24-month period, except that this limitation on the number of emergency rules that may be adopted in a 24-month period does not apply to (i) emergency rules that make additions to and deletions from the Drug Manual under Section 5-5.16 of the Illinois Public Aid Code or the generic drug formulary under Section 3.14 of the Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, (ii)

emergency rules adopted by the Pollution Control Board before July 1, 1997 to implement portions of the Livestock Management Facilities Act, (iii) emergency rules adopted by the Illinois Department of Public Health under subsections (a) through (i) of Section 2 of the Department of Public Health Act when necessary to protect the public's health, (iv) emergency rules adopted pursuant to subsection (n) of this Section, (v) emergency rules adopted pursuant to subsection (o) of this Section, or (vi) emergency rules adopted pursuant to subsection (c-5) of this Section. Two or more emergency rules having substantially the same purpose and effect shall be deemed to be a single rule for purposes of this Section.

- (c-5) To facilitate the maintenance of the program of group health benefits provided to annuitants, survivors, and retired employees under the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971, rules to alter the contributions to be paid by the State, annuitants, survivors, retired employees, or any combination of those entities, for that program of group health benefits, shall be adopted as emergency rules. The adoption of those rules shall be considered an emergency and necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
- (d) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the State's fiscal year 1999 budget, emergency rules to implement any provision of Public Act 90-587 or 90-588 or any other budget initiative for fiscal year 1999 may be adopted in accordance with this Section by the agency

- charged with administering that provision or initiative, except that the 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules and the provisions of Sections 5-115 and 5-125 do not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (d). The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (d) shall be deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
 - (e) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the State's fiscal year 2000 budget, emergency rules to implement any provision of Public Act 91-24 or any other budget initiative for fiscal year 2000 may be adopted in accordance with this Section by the agency charged with administering that provision or initiative, except that the 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules and the provisions of Sections 5-115 and 5-125 do not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (e). The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (e) shall be deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
 - (f) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the State's fiscal year 2001 budget, emergency rules to implement any provision of Public Act 91-712 or any other budget initiative for fiscal year 2001 may be adopted in accordance with this Section by the agency charged with administering that provision or initiative, except that the 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules and

- the provisions of Sections 5-115 and 5-125 do not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (f). The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (f) shall be deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
 - (g) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the State's fiscal year 2002 budget, emergency rules to implement any provision of Public Act 92-10 or any other budget initiative for fiscal year 2002 may be adopted in accordance with this Section by the agency charged with administering that provision or initiative, except that the 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules and the provisions of Sections 5-115 and 5-125 do not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (g). The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (g) shall be deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
 - (h) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the State's fiscal year 2003 budget, emergency rules to implement any provision of Public Act 92-597 or any other budget initiative for fiscal year 2003 may be adopted in accordance with this Section by the agency charged with administering that provision or initiative, except that the 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules and the provisions of Sections 5-115 and 5-125 do not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (h). The adoption of

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- emergency rules authorized by this subsection (h) shall be deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
 - (i) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the State's fiscal year 2004 budget, emergency rules to implement any provision of Public Act 93-20 or any other budget initiative for fiscal year 2004 may be adopted in accordance with this Section by the agency charged with administering that provision or initiative, except that the 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules and the provisions of Sections 5-115 and 5-125 do not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (i). The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (i) shall be deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
 - (j) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of the State's fiscal year 2005 budget as provided under the Fiscal Year 2005 Budget Implementation (Human Services) Act, emergency rules to Fiscal Year 2005 Budget implement any provision of the Implementation (Human Services) Act may be adopted in accordance with this Section by the agency charged with that provision, except that administering the 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules and the provisions of Sections 5-115 and 5-125 do not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (j). The Department of Public Aid

- may also adopt rules under this subsection (j) necessary to administer the Illinois Public Aid Code and the Children's Health Insurance Program Act. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (j) shall be deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
- (k) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely 6 implementation of the provisions of the State's fiscal year 7 8 2006 budget, emergency rules to implement any provision of 9 Public Act 94-48 or any other budget initiative for fiscal year 10 2006 may be adopted in accordance with this Section by the 11 agency charged with administering that provision 12 initiative, except that the 24-month limitation on the adoption 13 of emergency rules and the provisions of Sections 5-115 and 14 5-125 do not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (k). 15 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services may also adopt 16 rules under this subsection (k) necessary to administer the 17 Illinois Public Aid Code, the Senior Citizens and Persons with Disabilities Property Tax Relief Act, the Senior Citizens and 18 19 Disabled Persons Prescription Drug Discount Program Act (now 20 the Illinois Prescription Drug Discount Program Act), and the 21 Children's Health Insurance Program Act. The adoption of 22 emergency rules authorized by this subsection (k) shall be 23 deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and 24 welfare.
 - (1) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of the State's fiscal year

2007 budget, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services may adopt emergency rules during fiscal year 2007, including rules effective July 1, 2007, in accordance with this subsection to the extent necessary to administer the Department's responsibilities with respect to amendments to the State plans and Illinois waivers approved by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services necessitated by the requirements of Title XIX and Title XXI of the federal Social Security Act. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (1) shall be deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.

- (m) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of the State's fiscal year 2008 budget, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services may adopt emergency rules during fiscal year 2008, including rules effective July 1, 2008, in accordance with this subsection to the extent necessary to administer the Department's responsibilities with respect to amendments to the State plans and Illinois waivers approved by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services necessitated by the requirements of Title XIX and Title XXI of the federal Social Security Act. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (m) shall be deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
- (n) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of the State's fiscal year

2010 budget, emergency rules to implement any provision of Public Act 96-45 or any other budget initiative authorized by the 96th General Assembly for fiscal year 2010 may be adopted in accordance with this Section by the agency charged with administering that provision or initiative. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (n) shall be deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare. The rulemaking authority granted in this subsection (n) shall apply only to rules promulgated during Fiscal Year 2010.

- (o) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of the State's fiscal year 2011 budget, emergency rules to implement any provision of Public Act 96-958 or any other budget initiative authorized by the 96th General Assembly for fiscal year 2011 may be adopted in accordance with this Section by the agency charged with administering that provision or initiative. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (o) is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare. The rulemaking authority granted in this subsection (o) applies only to rules promulgated on or after July 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-958) through June 30, 2011.
- (p) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of Public Act 97-689, emergency rules to implement any provision of Public Act 97-689 may be adopted in accordance with this subsection (p) by the

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- agency charged with administering that provision or initiative. The 150-day limitation of the effective period of emergency rules does not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (p), and the effective period may continue through June 30, 2013. The 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules does not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (p). The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (p) is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
- (q) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of Articles 7, 8, 9, 11, and 12 of Public Act 98-104, emergency rules to implement any provision of Articles 7, 8, 9, 11, and 12 of Public Act 98-104 may be adopted in accordance with this subsection (q) by the agency charged with administering that provision initiative. The 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules does not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (q). The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (q) is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
- (r) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of Public Act 98-651, emergency rules to implement Public Act 98-651 may be adopted in accordance with this subsection (r) by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services. The 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules does not apply to rules adopted

- under this subsection (r). The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (r) is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
 - (s) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of Sections 5-5b.1 and 5A-2 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, emergency rules to implement any provision of Section 5-5b.1 or Section 5A-2 of the Illinois Public Aid Code may be adopted in accordance with this subsection (s) by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services. The rulemaking authority granted in this subsection (s) shall apply only to those rules adopted prior to July 1, 2015. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, any emergency rule adopted under this subsection (s) shall only apply to payments made for State fiscal year 2015. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (s) is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
 - (t) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of Article II of Public Act 99-6, emergency rules to implement the changes made by Article II of Public Act 99-6 to the Emergency Telephone System Act may be adopted in accordance with this subsection (t) by the Department of State Police. The rulemaking authority granted in this subsection (t) shall apply only to those rules adopted prior to July 1, 2016. The 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules does not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (t). The adoption of emergency rules authorized by

- this subsection (t) is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
 - (u) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of the Burn Victims Relief Act, emergency rules to implement any provision of the Act may be adopted in accordance with this subsection (u) by the Department of Insurance. The rulemaking authority granted in this subsection (u) shall apply only to those rules adopted prior to December 31, 2015. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (u) is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
 - (v) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of Public Act 99-516, emergency rules to implement Public Act 99-516 may be adopted in accordance with this subsection (v) by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services. The 24-month limitation on the adoption of emergency rules does not apply to rules adopted under this subsection (v). The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (v) is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
 - (w) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of Public Act 99-796, emergency rules to implement the changes made by Public Act 99-796 may be adopted in accordance with this subsection (w) by the Adjutant General. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (w) is deemed to be necessary for

1 the public interest, safety, and welfare.

- (x) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of Public Act 99-906, emergency rules to implement subsection (i) of Section 16-115D, subsection (g) of Section 16-128A, and subsection (a) of Section 16-128B of the Public Utilities Act may be adopted in accordance with this subsection (x) by the Illinois Commerce Commission. The rulemaking authority granted in this subsection (x) shall apply only to those rules adopted within 180 days after June 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-906). The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (x) is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
- (y) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, emergency rules to implement the changes made by this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly to Section 4.02 of the Illinois Act on Aging, Sections 5.5.4 and 5-5.4i of the Illinois Public Aid Code, Section 55-30 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, and Sections 74 and 75 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Administrative Act may be adopted in accordance with this subsection (y) by the respective Department. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this subsection (y) is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.

- (z) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely 1 2 implementation of the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 3 100th General Assembly, emergency rules to implement the 4 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 100th General 5 Assembly to Section 4.7 of the Lobbyist Registration Act may be 6 adopted in accordance with this subsection (z) by the Secretary 7 of State. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by this 8 subsection (z) is deemed to be necessary for the public 9 interest, safety, and welfare.
- (aa) In order to provide for the expeditious and timely 10 11 implementation of the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 12 100th General Assembly, emergency rules to implement the 13 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 100th General 14 Assembly to Section 80 of the Sports Wagering Act may be adopted in accordance with this subsection (aa) by the 15 Secretary of State. The adoption of emergency rules authorized 16 17 by this subsection (aa) is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare. 18
- (Source: P.A. 99-2, eff. 3-26-15; 99-6, eff. 1-1-16; 99-143, 19 eff. 7-27-15; 99-455, eff. 1-1-16; 99-516, eff. 6-30-16; 20 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-796, eff. 1-1-17; 99-906, eff. 6-1-17; 21 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-554, eff. 11-16-17.)
- 23 Section 910. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by 24 changing Section 7.5 as follows:

- 1 (5 ILCS 140/7.5)
- 2 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 100-512 and
- 3 100-517)
- 4 Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for
- 5 by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be exempt
- 6 from inspection and copying:
- 7 (a) All information determined to be confidential 8 under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and
- 9 Development Act.
- 10 (b) Library circulation and order records identifying
- 11 library users with specific materials under the Library
- 12 Records Confidentiality Act.
- 13 (c) Applications, related documents, and medical
- 14 records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
- 15 Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records
- 16 prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
- 17 Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it
- 18 has received.
- 19 (d) Information and records held by the Department of
- 20 Public Health and its authorized representatives relating
- 21 to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible
- 22 disease or any information the disclosure of which is
- 23 restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible
- 24 Disease Control Act.
- 25 (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted
- 26 under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.

1		(f)	Firm	perfor	rmance	evaluatio	ns u	nder	Sect	ion	55	of
2	the	Ar	chite	ctural,	. Eng	gineering,	and	d L	and	Sur	veyi	lng
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- (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
- (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.
- (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers under the Emergency Telephone System Act.
- (k) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (1) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse

Prevention Review Team Act.

- (m) Information provided to the predatory lending database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.
- (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act. This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
- (o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.
- (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act.
- (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Records Review Act.
- (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.

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- (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
 - (t) All identified or deidentified health information in the form of health data or medical records contained in, stored in, submitted to, transferred by, or released from the Illinois Health Information Exchange, and identified or deidentified health information in the form of health data and medical records of the Illinois Health Information Exchange in the possession of the Illinois Health Information Exchange Authority due to its administration of the Illinois Health Information Exchange. The terms "identified" and "deidentified" shall be given the same meaning as in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, or any subsequent amendments thereto, and any regulations promulgated thereunder.
 - (u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under Brian's Law.
 - (v) Names and information of people who have applied for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry

- Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
 - (w) Personally identifiable information which is exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section 19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.
 - (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
 - (y) Confidential information under the Adult Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (z) Records and information provided to a fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.
 - (bb) Information which is or was prohibited from disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
 - (cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent

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- 1 authorized under that Act.
- 2 (dd) Information that is prohibited from being 3 disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common 4 Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.
 - (ee) Information that is exempted from disclosure under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.
 - (ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.
- 9 <u>(gg) (ff)</u> Information that is prohibited from being 10 disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle 11 Code.
- 12 (hh) (ff) Records that are exempt from disclosure under
 13 Section 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.
- 14 <u>(ii)</u> (ff) Information which is exempted from 15 disclosure under Section 2505-800 of the Department of 16 Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- 17 (11) The self-exclusion list and responsible gaming
 18 database that are exempt from disclosure under Section 50
 19 of the Sports Wagering Act.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-298, eff. 8-6-15; 99-352,
- 21 eff. 1-1-16; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-776, eff. 8-12-16;
- 22 99-863, eff. 8-19-16; 100-20, eff. 7-1-17; 100-22, eff. 1-1-18;
- 23 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-373, eff. 1-1-18; 100-464, eff.
- 24 8-28-17; 100-465, eff. 8-31-17; revised 11-2-17.)
- 25 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-517 but before

- 1 amendment by P.A. 100-512)
- Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be exempt from inspection and copying:
 - (a) All information determined to be confidential under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and Development Act.
 - (b) Library circulation and order records identifying library users with specific materials under the Library Records Confidentiality Act.
 - (c) Applications, related documents, and medical records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it has received.
 - (d) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.
 - (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
 - (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying

Qualifications Based Selection Act.

- (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
- (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.
- (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers under the Emergency Telephone System Act.
- (k) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (1) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team Act.
 - (m) Information provided to the predatory lending

database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.

- (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act. This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
- (o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.
- (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act.
- (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Records Review Act.
- (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.
- (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.

- (t) All identified or deidentified health information in the form of health data or medical records contained in, stored in, submitted to, transferred by, or released from the Illinois Health Information Exchange, and identified or deidentified health information in the form of health data and medical records of the Illinois Health Information Exchange in the possession of the Illinois Health Information of the Illinois Health Information Exchange Authority due to its administration of the Illinois Health Information Exchange. The terms "identified" and "deidentified" shall be given the same meaning as in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, or any subsequent amendments thereto, and any regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under Brian's Law.
- (v) Names and information of people who have applied for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

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- (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (y) Confidential information under the Adult Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (z) Records and information provided to a fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.
- (bb) Information which is or was prohibited from disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- (cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent authorized under that Act.
- 26 (dd) Information that is prohibited from being

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1	disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common
2	Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.
3	(ee) Information that is exempted from disclosure
4	under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.
5	(ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure
6	under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.
7	(gg) (ff) Information that is prohibited from being
8	disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle
9	Code.
10	(hh) (ff) Records that are exempt from disclosure under
11	Section 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.
12	(ii) (ff) Information which is exempted from
13	disclosure under Section 2505-800 of the Department of
14	Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
15	(jj) (ff) Information and reports that are required to
16	be submitted to the Department of Labor by registering day
17	and temporary labor service agencies but are exempt from
18	disclosure under subsection (a-1) of Section 45 of the Day
19	and Temporary Labor Services Act.
20	(11) The self-exclusion list and responsible gaming
21	database that are exempt from disclosure under Section 50
22	of the Sports Wagering Act.
23	(Source: P.A. 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-298, eff. 8-6-15; 99-352,
24	eff. 1-1-16; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-776, eff. 8-12-16;

99-863, eff. 8-19-16; 100-20, eff. 7-1-17; 100-22, eff. 1-1-18;

100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-373, eff. 1-1-18; 100-464, eff.

- 1 8-28-17; 100-465, eff. 8-31-17; 100-517, eff. 6-1-18; revised
- 2 11-2-17.

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- 3 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 100-512)
- Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be exempt from inspection and copying:
- 7 (a) All information determined to be confidential 8 under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and 9 Development Act.
 - (b) Library circulation and order records identifying library users with specific materials under the Library Records Confidentiality Act.
 - (c) Applications, related documents, and medical records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it has received.
 - (d) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.
 - (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted

- 1 under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
 - (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection Act.
 - (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
 - (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.
 - (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
 - (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers under the Emergency Telephone System Act.
 - (k) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (1) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death

review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse
Prevention Review Team Act.

- (m) Information provided to the predatory lending database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.
- (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act. This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
- (o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.
- (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act.
- (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Records Review Act.
 - (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the

Illinois School Student Records Act.

- (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
- (t) All identified or deidentified health information in the form of health data or medical records contained in, stored in, submitted to, transferred by, or released from the Illinois Health Information Exchange, and identified or deidentified health information in the form of health data and medical records of the Illinois Health Information Exchange in the possession of the Illinois Health Information Exchange Authority due to its administration of the Illinois Health Information Exchange. The terms "identified" and "deidentified" shall be given the same meaning as in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, or any subsequent amendments thereto, and any regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under Brian's Law.
- (v) Names and information of people who have applied for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry

- Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry
 Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the
 Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
 - (w) Personally identifiable information which is exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section 19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.
 - (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
 - (y) Confidential information under the Adult Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (z) Records and information provided to a fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.
 - (bb) Information which is or was prohibited from disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
 - (cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement

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1	Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent
2	authorized under that Act.
3	(dd) Information that is prohibited from being
4	disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common
5	Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.
6	(ee) Information that is exempted from disclosure
7	under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.
8	(ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure
9	under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.
10	(qq) (ff) Information that is prohibited from being
11	disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle
12	Code.
13	(hh) (ff) Records that are exempt from disclosure under
14	Section 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.
15	(ii) (ff) Information which is exempted from
16	disclosure under Section 2505-800 of the Department of
17	Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
18	$\underline{\text{(jj)}}$ $\overline{\text{(ff)}}$ Information and reports that are required to
19	be submitted to the Department of Labor by registering day
20	and temporary labor service agencies but are exempt from
21	disclosure under subsection (a-1) of Section 45 of the Day
22	and Temporary Labor Services Act.
23	(kk) (ff) Information prohibited from disclosure under

the Seizure and Forfeiture Reporting Act.

(11) The self-exclusion list and responsible gaming

database that are exempt from disclosure under Section 50

- of the Sports Wagering Act.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-298, eff. 8-6-15; 99-352,
- 3 eff. 1-1-16; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 99-776, eff. 8-12-16;
- 4 99-863, eff. 8-19-16; 100-20, eff. 7-1-17; 100-22, eff. 1-1-18;
- 5 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-373, eff. 1-1-18; 100-464, eff.
- 6 8-28-17; 100-465, eff. 8-31-17; 100-512, eff. 7-1-18; 100-517,
- 7 eff. 6-1-18; revised 11-2-17.)
- 8 Section 915. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is
- 9 amended by changing Sections 3.11 and 26 and by adding Sections
- 3.31, 3.32, 3.33, and 55.1 as follows:
- 11 (230 ILCS 5/3.11) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-3.11)
- 12 Sec. 3.11. "Organization Licensee" means any person
- 13 receiving an organization license from the Board to conduct a
- race meeting or meetings. With respect only to sports wagering,
- 15 "organization licensee" includes the authorization for a
- 16 sports wagering license under Section 40 of the Sports Wagering
- 17 Act.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 79-1185.)
- 19 (230 ILCS 5/3.31 new)
- Sec. 3.31. Sports wagering. "Sports wagering" means
- 21 wagering on sporting events as defined in the Sports Wagering
- 22 Act when conducted by an organization licensee pursuant to a
- 23 sports wagering license.

- 1 (230 ILCS 5/3.32 new)
- Sec. 3.32. Sports wagering license. "Sports wagering
- 3 license" means a license issued by the Illinois Gaming Board
- 4 under the Sports Wagering Act authorizing sports wagering at a
- 5 sports wagering facility as defined by the Sports Wagering Act.
- 6 (230 ILCS 5/3.33 new)
- 7 <u>Sec. 3.33. Sports wagering facility. "Sports wagering</u>
- 8 facility" means that portion of an organization licensee's race
- 9 track facility, inter-track wagering facility, and inter-track
- 10 wagering location facility that sports wagering is conducted.
- 11 (230 ILCS 5/26) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-26)
- 12 Sec. 26. Wagering.
- 13 (a) Any licensee may conduct and supervise the pari-mutuel
- 14 system of wagering, as defined in Section 3.12 of this Act, on
- 15 horse races conducted by an Illinois organization licensee or
- 16 conducted at a racetrack located in another state or country
- 17 and televised in Illinois in accordance with subsection (g) of
- 18 Section 26 of this Act. Subject to the prior consent of the
- 19 Board, licensees may supplement any pari-mutuel pool in order
- to guarantee a minimum distribution. Such pari-mutuel method of
- 21 wagering shall not, under any circumstances if conducted under
- 22 the provisions of this Act, be held or construed to be
- 23 unlawful, other statutes of this State to the contrary

- notwithstanding. Subject to rules for advance wagering promulgated by the Board, any licensee may accept wagers in advance of the day of the race wagered upon occurs.
 - (b) No other method of betting, pool making, wagering or gambling shall be used or permitted by the licensee. Each licensee may retain, subject to the payment of all applicable taxes and purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered under subsection (a) of this Section, except as may otherwise be permitted under this Act.
 - (b-5) An individual may place a wager under the pari-mutuel system from any licensed location authorized under this Act provided that wager is electronically recorded in the manner described in Section 3.12 of this Act. Any wager made electronically by an individual while physically on the premises of a licensee shall be deemed to have been made at the premises of that licensee.
 - (c) Until January 1, 2000, the sum held by any licensee for payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if unclaimed prior to December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the licensee for payment of such tickets until that date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum remaining unclaimed, less any uncashed supplements contributed by such licensee for the purpose of guaranteeing minimum distributions of any pari-mutuel pool, shall be paid to the Illinois Veterans' Rehabilitation Fund of the State treasury, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act.

- (c-5) Beginning January 1, 2000, the sum held by any licensee for payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if unclaimed prior to December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the licensee for payment of such tickets until that date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum remaining unclaimed, less any uncashed supplements contributed by such licensee for the purpose of guaranteeing minimum distributions of any pari-mutuel pool, shall be evenly distributed to the purse account of the organization licensee and the organization licensee.
 - (d) A pari-mutuel ticket shall be honored until December 31 of the next calendar year, and the licensee shall pay the same and may charge the amount thereof against unpaid money similarly accumulated on account of pari-mutuel tickets not presented for payment.
 - (e) No licensee shall knowingly permit any minor, other than an employee of such licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey, driver, or employee thereof, to be admitted during a racing program unless accompanied by a parent or guardian, or any minor to be a patron of the pari-mutuel system of wagering conducted or supervised by it. The admission of any unaccompanied minor, other than an employee of the licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey, driver, or employee thereof at a race track is a Class C misdemeanor.
 - (f) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, an organization licensee may contract with an entity in another

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state or country to permit any legal wagering entity in another state or country to accept wagers solely within such other state or country on races conducted by the organization licensee in this State. Beginning January 1, 2000, these wagers shall not be subject to State taxation. Until January 1, 2000, when the out-of-State entity conducts a pari-mutuel pool separate from the organization licensee, a privilege tax equal to 7 1/2% of all monies received by the organization licensee from entities in other states or countries pursuant to such contracts is imposed on the organization licensee, and such privilege tax shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours of receipt of the moneys from the simulcast. When the out-of-State entity conducts a combined pari-mutuel pool with the organization licensee, the tax shall be 10% of all monies received by the organization licensee with 25% of the receipts from this 10% tax to be distributed to the county in which the race was conducted.

An organization licensee may permit one or more of its races to be utilized for pari-mutuel wagering at one or more locations in other states and may transmit audio and visual signals of races the organization licensee conducts to one or more locations outside the State or country and may also permit pari-mutuel pools in other states or countries to be combined with its gross or net wagering pools or with wagering pools established by other states.

(q) A host track may accept interstate simulcast wagers on

horse races conducted in other states or countries and shall 1 2 control the number of signals and types of breeds of racing in 3 its simulcast program, subject to the disapproval of the Board. The Board may prohibit a simulcast program only if it finds 5 that the simulcast program is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. The host track simulcast program shall include the 6 7 signal of live racing of all organization licensees. All 8 non-host licensees and advance deposit wagering licensees 9 shall carry the signal of and accept wagers on live racing of 10 all organization licensees. Advance deposit wagering licensees 11 shall not be permitted to accept out-of-state wagers on any 12 Illinois signal provided pursuant to this Section without the 13 approval and consent of the organization licensee providing the 14 signal. For one year after August 15, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-968), non-host licensees may carry the host 15 16 track simulcast program and shall accept wagers on all races 17 included as part of the simulcast program of horse races conducted at race tracks located within North America upon 18 19 which wagering is permitted. For a period of one year after 20 August 15, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-968), on horse races conducted at race tracks located outside of North 21 22 America, non-host licensees may accept wagers on all races 23 included as part of the simulcast program upon which wagering is permitted. Beginning August 15, 2015 (one year after the 24 25 effective date of Public Act 98-968), non-host licensees may 26 carry the host track simulcast program and shall accept wagers

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on all races included as part of the simulcast program upon which wagering is permitted. All organization licensees shall provide their live signal to all advance deposit wagering licensees for a simulcast commission fee not to exceed 6% of the advance deposit wagering licensee's Illinois handle on the organization licensee's signal without prior approval by the Board. The Board may adopt rules under which it may permit simulcast commission fees in excess of 6%. The Board shall adopt rules limiting the interstate commission fees charged to an advance deposit wagering licensee. The Board shall adopt rules regarding advance deposit wagering on interstate simulcast races that shall reflect, among other things, the General Assembly's desire to maximize revenues to the State, horsemen purses, and organizational licensees. However, organization licensees providing live signals pursuant to the requirements of this subsection (g) may petition the Board to withhold their live signals from an advance deposit wagering licensee if the organization licensee discovers and the Board finds reputable or credible information that the advance deposit wagering licensee is under investigation by another state or federal governmental agency, the advance deposit wagering licensee's license has been suspended in another state, or the advance deposit wagering licensee's license is in revocation proceedings in another state. The organization licensee's provision of their live signal to an advance deposit wagering licensee under this subsection (g) pertains to wagers

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within Illinois. Advance from deposit wagering licensees may place advance deposit wagering terminals at wagering facilities as a convenience to customers. The advance deposit wagering licensee shall not charge or collect any fee from purses for the placement of the advance deposit wagering terminals. The costs and expenses of the host track and non-host licensees associated with interstate simulcast wagering, other than the interstate commission fee, shall be borne by the host track and all non-host licensees incurring these costs. The interstate commission fee shall not exceed 5% of Illinois handle on the interstate simulcast race or races without prior approval of the Board. The Board shall promulgate rules under which it may permit interstate commission fees in excess of 5%. The interstate commission fee and other fees charged by the sending racetrack, including, but not limited to, satellite decoder fees, shall be uniformly applied to the host track and all non-host licensees.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, through December 31, 2018, an organization licensee, with the consent of the horsemen association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting, may maintain a system whereby advance deposit wagering may take place or an organization licensee, with the consent of the horsemen association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race

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horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting, may contract with another person to carry out a system of advance deposit wagering. Such consent may not be unreasonably withheld. Only with respect to an appeal to the Board that consent for an organization licensee that maintains its own deposit wagering system is being unreasonably withheld, the Board shall issue a final order within 30 days after initiation of the appeal, and the organization licensee's advance deposit wagering system may remain operational during that 30-day period. The actions of any organization licensee who conducts advance deposit wagering or any person who has a contract with an organization licensee to conduct advance deposit wagering who conducts advance deposit wagering on or after January 1, 2013 and prior to June 7, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-18) taken in reliance on the changes made to this subsection (g) by Public Act 98-18 are hereby validated, provided payment of all applicable pari-mutuel taxes are remitted to the Board. All advance deposit wagers placed from within Illinois must be placed through a Board-approved advance deposit wagering licensee; no other entity may accept an advance deposit wager from a person within Illinois. All advance deposit wagering is subject to any rules adopted by the Board. The Board may adopt rules necessary to regulate advance deposit wagering through the use of emergency rulemaking in accordance with Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The General Assembly finds that

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the adoption of rules to regulate advance deposit wagering is deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare. An advance deposit wagering licensee may retain all moneys as agreed to by contract with an organization licensee. Any moneys retained by the organization licensee from advance deposit wagering, not including moneys retained by the advance deposit wagering licensee, shall be paid 50% to the organization licensee's purse account and 50% to organization licensee. With the exception of any organization licensee that is owned by a publicly traded company that is incorporated in a state other than Illinois and advance deposit wagering licensees under contract with such organization organization licensees that licensees, maintain advance deposit wagering systems and advance deposit wagering licensees that contract with organization licensees shall provide sufficiently detailed monthly accountings to horsemen association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting so that the horsemen association, as an interested party, can confirm the accuracy of the amounts paid to the purse account at the horsemen association's affiliated organization licensee from advance deposit wagering. If more than one breed races at the same race track facility, then the 50% of the moneys to be paid to an organization licensee's purse account shall be allocated among all organization licensees' purse accounts operating at

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that race track facility proportionately based on the actual number of host days that the Board grants to that breed at that race track facility in the current calendar year. To the extent any fees from advance deposit wagering conducted in Illinois for wagers in Illinois or other states have been placed in escrow or otherwise withheld from wagers pending a determination of the legality of advance deposit wagering, no action shall be brought to declare such wagers or the disbursement of any fees previously escrowed illegal.

(1) Between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. an inter-track wagering licensee other than the host track may simulcast supplement the host track program with additional simulcast races or race programs, provided that between January 1 and the third Friday in February of any year, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois during this period, thoroughbred races may be used for supplemental interstate simulcast purposes. The Board shall withhold approval for a supplemental interstate simulcast only if it finds that the simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. A supplemental interstate simulcast may be transmitted from inter-track wagering licensee to its affiliated non-host licensees. The interstate commission fee for a supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by the non-host licensee and its affiliated non-host licensees receiving the simulcast.

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- (2) Between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. an inter-track wagering licensee other than the host track may receive supplemental interstate simulcasts only with the consent of the host track, except when the Board finds that the simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. Consent granted under this paragraph (2) to any inter-track wagering licensee shall be deemed consent to all non-host licensees. The interstate commission fee for the supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by all participating non-host licensees.
- Each licensee conducting interstate simulcast wagering may retain, subject to the payment of all applicable taxes and the purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered. If any licensee conducts the system wagering pari-mutuel on races conducted racetracks in another state or country, each such race or race program shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax of that daily handle as provided in subsection (a) of Section 27. Until January 1, 2000, from sums permitted to be retained pursuant to this the subsection, each inter-track wagering location licensee shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered on simulcast wagering to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, subject to the provisions of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (11) of subsection (h) of Section 26 of this Act.

- (4) A licensee who receives an interstate simulcast may combine its gross or net pools with pools at the sending racetracks pursuant to rules established by the Board. All licensees combining their gross pools at a sending racetrack shall adopt the take-out percentages of the sending racetrack. A licensee may also establish a separate pool and takeout structure for wagering purposes on races conducted at race tracks outside of the State of Illinois. The licensee may permit pari-mutuel wagers placed in other states or countries to be combined with its gross or net wagering pools or other wagering pools.
- (5) After the payment of the interstate commission fee (except for the interstate commission fee on a supplemental interstate simulcast, which shall be paid by the host track and by each non-host licensee through the host-track) and all applicable State and local taxes, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, the remainder of moneys retained from simulcast wagering pursuant to this subsection (g), and Section 26.2 shall be divided as follows:
 - (A) For interstate simulcast wagers made at a host track, 50% to the host track and 50% to purses at the host track.
 - (B) For wagers placed on interstate simulcast races, supplemental simulcasts as defined in subparagraphs (1) and (2), and separately pooled races

conducted outside of the State of Illinois made at a non-host licensee, 25% to the host track, 25% to the non-host licensee, and 50% to the purses at the host track.

- (6) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, non-host licensees who derive their licenses from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River may receive supplemental interstate simulcast races at all times subject to Board approval, which shall be withheld only upon a finding that a supplemental interstate simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing.
- (7) Notwithstanding any provision of this Act to the contrary, after payment of all applicable State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, non-host licensees who derive their licenses from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall retain 50% of the retention from interstate simulcast wagers and shall pay 50% to purses at the track from which the non-host licensee derives its license as follows:
 - (A) Between January 1 and the third Friday in February, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois during this period, when the interstate simulcast is a standardbred race, the purse share to its standardbred purse account;

(B) Between January 1 and the third Friday in
February, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is
occurring in Illinois during this period, and the
interstate simulcast is a thoroughbred race, the purse
share to its interstate simulcast purse pool to be
distributed under paragraph (10) of this subsection
(a);

- (C) Between January 1 and the third Friday in February, inclusive, if live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois, between 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. the purse share from wagers made during this time period to its thoroughbred purse account and between 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. the purse share from wagers made during this time period to its standardbred purse accounts;
- (D) Between the third Saturday in February and December 31, when the interstate simulcast occurs between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m., the purse share to its thoroughbred purse account;
- (E) Between the third Saturday in February and December 31, when the interstate simulcast occurs between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m., the purse share to its standardbred purse account.
- (7.1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, if no standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar

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year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. during that calendar year shall be paid as follows:

- (A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000, 80% shall be paid to its thoroughbred purse account; and
- (B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund and shall be paid to purses for standardbred races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses conducted at any county fairgrounds. The moneys deposited into the Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to standardbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with other moneys paid into that Fund. The moneys deposited pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be allocated as provided by the Department of Agriculture, with the advice assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board.
- (7.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act

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to the contrary, if no thoroughbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. during that calendar year shall be deposited as follows:

- (A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000, 80% shall be deposited into its standardbred purse account; and
- (B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund. Moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Distribution Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be paid to Illinois conceived and foaled thoroughbred breeders' programs and to thoroughbred purses for races conducted at any county fairgrounds for Illinois conceived and foaled horses at the discretion of the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board. The moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited

within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to thoroughbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with other moneys deposited into that Fund.

- (7.3) If no live standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County in calendar year 2000 or 2001, an organization licensee who is licensed to conduct horse racing at that racetrack shall, before January 1, 2002, pay all moneys derived from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering in calendar years 2000 and 2001 and paid into the licensee's standardbred purse account as follows:
 - (A) Eighty percent to that licensee's thoroughbred purse account to be used for thoroughbred purses; and
 - (B) Twenty percent to the Illinois Colt Stakes
 Purse Distribution Fund.

Failure to make the payment to the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund before January 1, 2002 shall result in the immediate revocation of the licensee's organization license, inter-track wagering license, and inter-track wagering location license.

Moneys paid into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this paragraph (7.3) shall be paid to purses for standardbred races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses conducted at any county

fairgrounds. Moneys paid into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this paragraph (7.3) shall be used as determined by the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to standardbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with any other moneys paid into that Fund.

- (7.4) If live standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County at any time in calendar year 2001 before the payment required under paragraph (7.3) has been made, the organization licensee who is licensed to conduct racing at that racetrack shall pay all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering during calendar years 2000 and 2001 that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. during 2000 or 2001 to the standardbred purse account at that racetrack to be used for standardbred purses.
- (8) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, an organization licensee from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River and its affiliated non-host licensees shall not be entitled to share in any retention generated on racing, inter-track wagering, or simulcast wagering at any other Illinois wagering facility.

- (8.1) Notwithstanding any provisions in this Act to the contrary, if 2 organization licensees are conducting standardbred race meetings concurrently between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m., after payment of all applicable State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, the remainder of the amount retained from simulcast wagering otherwise attributable to the host track and to host track purses shall be split daily between the 2 organization licensees and the purses at the tracks of the 2 organization licensees, respectively, based on each organization licensee's share of the total live handle for that day, provided that this provision shall not apply to any non-host licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River.
 - (9) (Blank).
 - (10) (Blank).
- (11) (Blank).
 - (12) The Board shall have authority to compel all host tracks to receive the simulcast of any or all races conducted at the Springfield or DuQuoin State fairgrounds and include all such races as part of their simulcast programs.
 - (13) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in the event that the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at all wagering facilities in any

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calendar year is less than 75% of the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at all such wagering facilities for calendar year 1994, then each wagering facility that has an annual total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races that is less than 75% of the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at such wagering facility for calendar year 1994, shall be permitted to receive, from any amount otherwise payable to the purse account at the race track with which the wagering facility is affiliated in the succeeding calendar year, an amount equal to 2% of the differential in total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at the wagering facility between that calendar year in question and 1994 provided, however, that a wagering facility shall not be entitled to any such payment until the Board certifies in writing to the wagering facility the amount to which the wagering facility is entitled and a schedule for payment of the amount to the wagering facility, based on: (i) the racing dates awarded to the race track affiliated with the wagering facility during the succeeding year; (ii) the sums available or anticipated to be available in the purse account of the race track affiliated with the wagering facility for purses during the succeeding year; and (iii) the need to ensure reasonable purse levels during the payment period. The Board's certification shall be provided no later than

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January 31 of the succeeding year. In the event a wagering facility entitled to a payment under this paragraph (13) is affiliated with a race track that maintains purse accounts for both standardbred and thoroughbred racing, the amount to be paid to the wagering facility shall be divided between each purse account pro rata, based on the amount of Illinois handle on Illinois standardbred and thoroughbred racing respectively at the wagering facility during the previous calendar year. Annually, the General Assembly shall appropriate sufficient funds from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Agriculture for payment into the thoroughbred and standardbred horse racing purse accounts at Illinois pari-mutuel tracks. The amount paid to each purse account shall be the amount certified by the Illinois Racing Board in January to be transferred from each account to each eligible racing facility in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

- (h) The Board may approve and license the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees subject to the following terms and conditions:
 - (1) Any person licensed to conduct a race meeting (i) at a track where 60 or more days of racing were conducted during the immediately preceding calendar year or where over the 5 immediately preceding calendar years an average of 30 or more days of racing were conducted annually may be

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issued an inter-track wagering license; (ii) at a track located in a county that is bounded by the Mississippi River, which has a population of less than 150,000 according to the 1990 decennial census, and an average of at least 60 days of racing per year between 1985 and 1993 may be issued an inter-track wagering license; or (iii) at a track awarded standardbred racing dates in 2019 and thereafter; or (iv) at a track located in Madison County that conducted at least 100 days of live racing during the immediately preceding calendar year may be issued an inter-track wagering license, unless a lesser schedule of live racing is the result of (A) weather, unsafe track conditions, or other acts of God; (B) an agreement between organization licensee and the associations representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting; or (C) a finding by the Board of extraordinary circumstances and that it was in the best interest of the public and the sport to conduct fewer than 100 days of live racing. Any such person having operating control of the racing facility may receive inter-track wagering location licenses. An eligible race track located in a county that has a population of more than 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River may establish up to 9 inter-track wagering locations, an eligible race track located in Stickney Township in Cook

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16 inter-track wagering County may establish up to locations, and an eligible race track located in Palatine Township in Cook County may establish up to 18 inter-track wagering locations. An eligible race track conducting standardbred racing may have up to 9 inter-track wagering locations. An application for said license shall be filed with the Board prior to such dates as may be fixed by the Board. With an application for an inter-track wagering location license there shall be delivered to the Board a certified check or bank draft payable to the order of the Board for an amount equal to \$500. The application shall be on forms prescribed and furnished by the Board. application shall comply with all other rules, regulations conditions imposed by the Board in connection therewith.

- (2) The Board shall examine the applications with respect to their conformity with this Act and the rules and regulations imposed by the Board. If found to be in compliance with the Act and rules and regulations of the Board, the Board may then issue a license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering to such applicant. All such applications shall be acted upon by the Board at a meeting to be held on such date as may be fixed by the Board.
- (3) In granting licenses to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering, the Board shall give due

consideration to the best interests of the public, of horse racing, and of maximizing revenue to the State.

- (4) Prior to the issuance of a license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering, the applicant shall file with the Board a bond payable to the State of Illinois in the sum of \$50,000, executed by the applicant and a surety company or companies authorized to do business in this State, and conditioned upon (i) the payment by the licensee of all taxes due under Section 27 or 27.1 and any other monies due and payable under this Act, and (ii) distribution by the licensee, upon presentation of the winning ticket or tickets, of all sums payable to the patrons of pari-mutuel pools.
- (5) Each license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall specify the person to whom it is issued, the dates on which such wagering is permitted, and the track or location where the wagering is to be conducted.
- (6) All wagering under such license is subject to this Act and to the rules and regulations from time to time prescribed by the Board, and every such license issued by the Board shall contain a recital to that effect.
- (7) An inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee may accept wagers at the track or location where it is licensed, or as otherwise provided under this Act.

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- (8) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall not be conducted at any track less than 5 miles from a track at which a racing meeting is in progress.
- Inter-track wagering location licensees who derive their licenses from a particular organization licensee shall conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering only at locations that are within 160 miles of that race track where the particular organization licensee licensed to conduct racing. However, inter-track is wagering and simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by those licensees at any location within 5 miles of any race track at which a horse race meeting has been licensed in current year, unless the person having operating control of such race track has given its written consent to inter-track wagering location licensees, consent must be filed with the Board at or prior to the time application is made. In the case of any inter-track location licensee initially licensed after wagering December 31, 2013, inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by those inter-track wagering location licensees that are located outside the City of Chicago at any location within 8 miles of any race track at which a horse race meeting has been licensed in the current year, unless the person having operating control of such race track has given its written consent to such inter-track wagering location licensees,

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consent must be filed with the Board at or prior to the time application is made.

(8.2) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by an inter-track wagering location licensee at any location within 500 feet of an existing church or existing school, nor within 500 feet of the residences of more than 50 registered voters without receiving written permission from a majority of registered voters at such residences. Such written permission statements shall be filed with the Board. The distance of 500 feet shall be measured to the nearest part any building used for worship services, education programs, residential purposes, or conducting inter-track wagering by an inter-track wagering location licensee, and not to property boundaries. However, inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering may be conducted at a site within 500 feet of a church, school or residences of 50 or more registered voters if such church, school or residences have been erected or established, or such voters have been registered, after the Board issues the inter-track wagering location license at the site in Inter-track wagering location licensees may question. conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering only in areas that are zoned for commercial or manufacturing purposes or in areas for which a special use has been approved by the local zoning authority. However, no license

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to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall be granted by the Board with respect to any inter-track wagering location within the jurisdiction of any local zoning authority which has, by ordinance or by resolution, prohibited the establishment of an inter-track wagering location within its jurisdiction. However, inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering may be conducted at a site if such ordinance or resolution is enacted after the Board licenses the original inter-track wagering location licensee for the site in question.

- (9) (Blank).
- (10)inter-track licensee An wagering or an inter-track wagering location licensee may retain, subject to the payment of the privilege taxes and the purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered. Each program of racing conducted by each inter-track wagering licensee inter-track wagering location licensee shall or considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax or pari-mutuel tax on such daily handle as provided in Section 27.
- (10.1) Except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, inter-track wagering location licensees shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to the municipality in which such location is situated and 1% of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to the county in

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which such location is situated. In the event that an inter-track wagering location licensee is situated in an unincorporated area of a county, such licensee shall pay 2% of the pari-mutuel handle from such location to such county.

- (10.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, with respect to inter-track wagering at a race track located in a county that has a population of more than 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River ("the first race track"), or at a facility operated by an inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from the organization licensee that operates the first race track, on races conducted at the first race track or on races conducted at. another Illinois race track simultaneously televised to the first race track or to a facility operated by an inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from the organization licensee that operates the first race track, those moneys shall be allocated as follows:
 - (A) That portion of all moneys wagered on standardbred racing that is required under this Act to be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for standardbred races.
 - (B) That portion of all moneys wagered on

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thoroughbred racing that is required under this Act to be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for thoroughbred races.

- (11) (A) After payment of the privilege or pari-mutuel tax, any other applicable taxes, and the costs and expenses connection with the gathering, transmission, dissemination of all data necessary to the conduct of inter-track wagering, the remainder of the monies retained under either Section 26 or Section 26.2 of this Act by the inter-track wagering licensee on inter-track wagering shall be allocated with 50% to be split between the 2 participating licensees and 50% to purses, except that an inter-track wagering licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with the Illinois organization licensee that provides the race or races, and an inter-track wagering licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with that organization licensee.
- (B) From the sums permitted to be retained pursuant to this Act each inter-track wagering location licensee shall pay (i) the privilege or pari-mutuel tax to the State; (ii)

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4.75% of the pari-mutuel handle on inter-track wagering at such location on races as purses, except that inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall retain all purse moneys for its own purse account consistent with distribution set forth in this subsection (h), and inter-track wagering location licensees that accept wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall distribute all purse moneys to purses at the operating host track; (iii) until January 1, 2000, except as provided in subsection (q) of Section 27 of this Act, 1% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered on inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering at each inter-track wagering location licensee facility to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, provided that, to the extent the total amount collected and distributed to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund under this subsection (h) during any calendar year exceeds the amount collected and distributed to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund during calendar year 1994, that excess amount shall be redistributed (I) to all inter-track wagering location licensees, based on each licensee's pro-rata share of the total handle from inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering for all inter-track

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wagering location licensees during the calendar year in which this provision is applicable; then (II) the amounts redistributed to each inter-track wagering location licensee as described in subpart (I) shall be further redistributed as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subsection (q) of this Section 26 provided first, that the shares of those amounts, which are to be redistributed to the host track or to purses at the host track under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subsection (q) of this Section 26 shall be redistributed based on each host track's pro rata share of the total inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering handle at all host tracks during the calendar year in question, and second, that any amounts redistributed as described in part (I) to an inter-track wagering location licensee that accepts wagers races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall be further redistributed as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E) of paragraph (7) of subsection (g) of this Section 26, with the portion of that further redistribution allocated to purses at that organization licensee to be divided between standardbred purses and thoroughbred purses based on the amounts otherwise allocated to purses at that organization licensee during the calendar year in question; and (iv) 8% of

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pari-mutuel handle on inter-track wagering wagered at such location to satisfy all costs and expenses of conducting its wagering. The remainder of the monies retained by the inter-track wagering location licensee shall be allocated 40% to the location licensee and 60% to the organization licensee which provides the Illinois races to the location, except that an inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with the organization licensee that provides the race or races and an inter-track wagering location licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention organization licensee. Notwithstanding the with the provisions of clauses (ii) and (iv) of this paragraph, in the case of the additional inter-track wagering location licenses authorized under paragraph (1) of this subsection (h) by Public Act 87-110, those licensees shall pay the following amounts as purses: during the first 12 months the licensee is in operation, 5.25% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location on races; during the second 12 months, 5.25%; during the third 12 months, 5.75%; during the fourth 12 months, 6.25%; and during the fifth 12 months

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and thereafter, 6.75%. The following amounts shall be retained by the licensee to satisfy all costs and expenses of conducting its wagering: during the first 12 months the licensee is in operation, 8.25% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location; during the second 12 months, 8.25%; during the third 12 months, 7.75%; during the fourth 12 months, 7.25%; and during the fifth 12 months and thereafter, 6.75%. For additional inter-track wagering location licensees authorized under Public Act 89-16, purses for the first 12 months the licensee is in operation shall be 5.75% of the pari-mutuel wagered at the location, purses for the second 12 months the licensee is in operation shall be 6.25%, and purses thereafter shall be 6.75%. For additional inter-track location licensees authorized under Public Act 89-16, the licensee shall be allowed to retain to satisfy all costs and expenses: 7.75% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location during its first 12 months of operation, 7.25% during its second 12 months of operation, and 6.75% thereafter.

(C) There is hereby created the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund which shall remain in existence until December 31, 1999. Moneys remaining in the Fund after December 31, 1999 shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund. Until January 1, 2000, all monies paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph (11) by inter-track wagering location licensees located in park

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districts of 500,000 population or less, or in a municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district and is the county seat of a county that (i) is contiguous to the state of Indiana and (ii) has a 1990 population of 88,257 according to the United States Bureau of the Census, and operating on May 1, 1994 shall be allocated by appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture. Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to promote the Illinois horse racing and breeding industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee appointed by the Governor consisting of the following members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve chairman; 2 representatives of organization as licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in recommended by those this State, licensees; representatives of organization licensees conducting standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by that Foundation; a representative of Illinois Standardbred Owners and Association, recommended by that Association; representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent and

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Protective Association or any successor organization thereto established in Illinois comprised of the largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by that Association or that successor organization; and a representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's recommended Association, by that Association. Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a representative of any of the above-named entities has not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to fill that position. Committee members shall receive no compensation for their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the performance of their official duties. The remaining 50% of this two-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in Agricultural Fair Act;

Four-sevenths to park districts or municipalities that do not have a park district of 500,000 population or less for museum purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in such a park district) or to conservation districts for museum purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in a municipality that is not included within any park

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included within a conservation district but is district and is the county seat of a county that (i) is contiguous to the state of Indiana and (ii) has a 1990 population of 88,257 according to the United States Bureau of the Census, except that if the conservation district does not maintain a museum, the monies shall be allocated equally between the county and the municipality in which the inter-track wagering location licensee is located for general purposes) or to a municipal recreation board for park purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in a municipality that is not included within any park district and park maintenance is the function of the municipal recreation board and the municipality has a 1990 population of 9,302 according to the United States Bureau of the Census); provided that the monies are distributed to each park district or conservation district or municipality that does not have a park district in an amount equal to four-sevenths of the amount collected by each inter-track wagering location licensee within the park district or conservation district or municipality for the Fund. Monies that were paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund before August 9, 1991 (the effective date of Public Act 87-110) by an inter-track wagering location licensee located in a municipality that is not included within

any park district but is included within a conservation district as provided in this paragraph shall, as soon as practicable after August 9, 1991 (the effective date of Public Act 87-110), be allocated and paid to that conservation district as provided in this paragraph. Any park district or municipality not maintaining a museum may deposit the monies in the corporate fund of the park district or municipality where the inter-track wagering location is located, to be used for general purposes; and

One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be used for distribution to agricultural home economics extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finances for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties of this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967.

Until January 1, 2000, all other monies paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph (11) shall be allocated by appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture. Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to promote the Illinois horse racing and breeding industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee appointed by the Governor consisting of the following

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members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve chairman; 2 as representatives of organization licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in recommended by those licensees; State, representatives of organization licensees conducting standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by that Foundation; a representative of the Illinois Standardbred Owners and Breeders Association, recommended by that Association; representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association or any successor organization thereto established in Illinois comprised of the largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by that Association or that successor organization; and a representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's Association, recommended by that Association. Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a representative of any of the above-named entities has not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to fill that position. Committee members shall receive no compensation for their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and

disbursements incurred in the performance of their official duties. The remaining 50% of this two-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the Agricultural Fair Act;

Four-sevenths to museums and aquariums located in park districts of over 500,000 population; provided that the monies are distributed in accordance with the previous year's distribution of the maintenance tax for such museums and aquariums as provided in Section 2 of the Park District Aquarium and Museum Act; and

One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be used for distribution to agricultural home economics extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finances for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties of this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967. This subparagraph (C) shall be inoperative and of no force and effect on and after January 1, 2000.

- (D) Except as provided in paragraph (11) of this subsection (h), with respect to purse allocation from inter-track wagering, the monies so retained shall be divided as follows:
 - (i) If the inter-track wagering licensee, except an inter-track wagering licensee that

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derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is not conducting its own race meeting during the same dates, then the entire purse allocation shall be to purses at the track where the races wagered on are being conducted.

(ii) If the inter-track wagering licensee, except an inter-track wagering licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is also conducting its own race meeting during the same dates, then the purse allocation shall be as follows: 50% to purses at the track where the races wagered on are being conducted; 50% to purses at the track where the inter-track wagering licensee is accepting such wagers.

(iii) If the inter-track wagering is being conducted by an inter-track wagering location licensee, except an inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, the entire purse allocation for Illinois races shall be to purses at the track

where the race meeting being wagered on is being held.

- (12) The Board shall have all powers necessary and proper to fully supervise and control the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees, including, but not limited to the following:
 - (A) The Board is vested with power to promulgate reasonable rules and regulations for the purpose of administering the conduct of this wagering and to prescribe reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which such wagering shall be held and conducted. Such rules and regulations are to provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and for the best interests of said wagering and to impose penalties for violations thereof.
 - (B) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the power to enter the facilities of any licensee to determine whether there has been compliance with the provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations relating to the conduct of such wagering.
 - (C) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, may eject or exclude from any licensee's facilities, any person whose conduct or reputation is such that his presence on such premises

may, in the opinion of the Board, call into the question the honesty and integrity of, or interfere with the orderly conduct of such wagering; provided, however, that no person shall be excluded or ejected from such premises solely on the grounds of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or sex.

- (D) (Blank).
- (E) The Board is vested with the power to appoint delegates to execute any of the powers granted to it under this Section for the purpose of administering this wagering and any rules and regulations promulgated in accordance with this Act.
- (F) The Board shall name and appoint a State director of this wagering who shall be a representative of the Board and whose duty it shall be to supervise the conduct of inter-track wagering as may be provided for by the rules and regulations of the Board; such rules and regulation shall specify the method of appointment and the Director's powers, authority and duties.
- (G) The Board is vested with the power to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against individuals and up to \$10,000 against licensees for each violation of any provision of this Act relating to the conduct of this wagering, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which in the

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Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to such wagering.

The Department of Agriculture may enter into agreements with licensees authorizing such licensees to conduct inter-track wagering on races to be held at the licensed race meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture. Such agreement shall specify the races of the Department of Agriculture's licensed race meeting upon which the licensees will conduct wagering. In the event that a licensee conducts inter-track pari-mutuel wagering on races from the Illinois State Fair or DuQuoin State Fair which are in addition to the licensee's previously approved racing program, those races shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege or pari-mutuel tax on that daily handle as provided in Sections 27 and 27.1. Such agreements shall be approved by the Board before such wagering may be conducted. In determining whether to grant approval, the Board shall give due consideration to the best interests of the public and of horse racing. The provisions of paragraphs (1), (8), (8.1), and (8.2) of subsection (h) of this Section which are not specified in this paragraph (13) shall not apply to licensed race meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture at the Illinois State Fair in Sangamon County or the DuQuoin State Fair in Perry County, or to any wagering conducted on those

- 1 race meetings.
- 2 (14)An inter-track wagering location license authorized by the Board in 2016 that is owned and operated 3 by a race track in Rock Island County shall be transferred 4 5 to a commonly owned race track in Cook County on August 12, (the effective date of Public Act 99-757). The 6 7 licensee shall retain its status in relation to purse 8 distribution under paragraph (11) of this subsection (h) 9 following the transfer to the new entity. The pari-mutuel 10 tax credit under Section 32.1 shall not be applied toward 11 any pari-mutuel tax obligation of the inter-track wagering 12 location licensee of the license that is transferred under 13 this paragraph (14).
- (i) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, the conduct of wagering at wagering facilities is authorized on all days, except as limited by subsection (b) of Section 19 of this Act.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 99-756, eff. 8-12-16; 99-757, eff. 8-12-16;
- 19 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)
- 20 (230 ILCS 5/55.1 new)
- 21 Sec. 55.1. Sports wagering.
- 22 <u>(a) A person, firm, corporation, or limited liability</u>
 23 <u>company having operating control of a race track may apply to</u>
- the Illinois Gaming Board for a sports wagering license.
- 25 (b) A sports wagering license shall authorize its holder to

1	conduct sports wagering at its sports wagering facilities at		
2	the following:		
3	(1) the grounds of the race track that the sports		
4	wagering licensee has operating control;		
5	(2) at an inter-track wagering facility that the sports		
6	wagering licensee has operating control; and		
7	(3) at inter-track wagering location facilities that		
8	the sports wagering licensee has operating control.		
9	Section 920. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by		
10	changing Section 28-1 as follows:		
11	(720 ILCS 5/28-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-1)		
12	Sec. 28-1. Gambling.		
13	(a) A person commits gambling when he or she:		
14	(1) knowingly plays a game of chance or skill for money		
15	or other thing of value, unless excepted in subsection (b)		
16	of this Section;		
17	(2) knowingly makes a wager upon the result of any		
18	game, contest, or any political nomination, appointment or		
19	election;		
20	(3) knowingly operates, keeps, owns, uses, purchases,		
21	exhibits, rents, sells, bargains for the sale or lease of,		
22	manufactures or distributes any gambling device;		
23	(4) contracts to have or give himself or herself or		
24	another the option to buy or sell, or contracts to buy or		

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sell, at a future time, any grain or other commodity whatsoever, or any stock or security of any company, where it is at the time of making such contract intended by both parties thereto that the contract to buy or sell, or the option, whenever exercised, or the contract resulting therefrom, shall be settled, not by the receipt or delivery of such property, but by the payment only of differences in prices thereof; however, the issuance, purchase, sale, exercise, endorsement or quarantee, by or through a person registered with the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 8 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, or by or through a person exempt from such registration under said Section 8, of a put, call, or other option to buy or sell securities which have been registered with the Secretary of State or which are exempt from such registration under Section 3 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 is not gambling within the meaning of this paragraph (4);

- (5) knowingly owns or possesses any book, instrument or apparatus by means of which bets or wagers have been, or are, recorded or registered, or knowingly possesses any money which he has received in the course of a bet or wager;
- (6) knowingly sells pools upon the result of any game or contest of skill or chance, political nomination, appointment or election;
 - (7) knowingly sets up or promotes any lottery or sells,

offers to sell or transfers any ticket or share for any lottery;

- (8) knowingly sets up or promotes any policy game or sells, offers to sell or knowingly possesses or transfers any policy ticket, slip, record, document or other similar device;
- (9) knowingly drafts, prints or publishes any lottery ticket or share, or any policy ticket, slip, record, document or similar device, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state or foreign government;
- (10) knowingly advertises any lottery or policy game, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state;
- (11) knowingly transmits information as to wagers, betting odds, or changes in betting odds by telephone, telegraph, radio, semaphore or similar means; or knowingly installs or maintains equipment for the transmission or receipt of such information; except that nothing in this subdivision (11) prohibits transmission or receipt of such information for use in news reporting of sporting events or contests; or
- (12) knowingly establishes, maintains, or operates an Internet site that permits a person to play a game of

chance or skill for money or other thing of value by means of the Internet or to make a wager upon the result of any game, contest, political nomination, appointment, or election by means of the Internet. This item (12) does not apply to activities referenced in items (6) and (6.1) of subsection (b) of this Section.

- (b) Participants in any of the following activities shall not be convicted of gambling:
 - (1) Agreements to compensate for loss caused by the happening of chance including without limitation contracts of indemnity or guaranty and life or health or accident insurance.
 - (2) Offers of prizes, award or compensation to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to the owners of animals or vehicles entered in such contest.
 - (3) Pari-mutuel betting as authorized by the law of this State.
 - (4) Manufacture of gambling devices, including the acquisition of essential parts therefor and the assembly thereof, for transportation in interstate or foreign commerce to any place outside this State when such transportation is not prohibited by any applicable Federal law; or the manufacture, distribution, or possession of video gaming terminals, as defined in the Video Gaming Act, by manufacturers, distributors, and terminal operators

- 1 licensed to do so under the Video Gaming Act.
 - (5) The game commonly known as "bingo", when conducted in accordance with the Bingo License and Tax Act.
 - (6) Lotteries when conducted by the State of Illinois in accordance with the Illinois Lottery Law. This exemption includes any activity conducted by the Department of Revenue to sell lottery tickets pursuant to the provisions of the Illinois Lottery Law and its rules.
 - (6.1) The purchase of lottery tickets through the Internet for a lottery conducted by the State of Illinois under the program established in Section 7.12 of the Illinois Lottery Law.
 - (7) Possession of an antique slot machine that is neither used nor intended to be used in the operation or promotion of any unlawful gambling activity or enterprise. For the purpose of this subparagraph (b)(7), an antique slot machine is one manufactured 25 years ago or earlier.
 - (8) Raffles and poker runs when conducted in accordance with the Raffles and Poker Runs Act.
 - (9) Charitable games when conducted in accordance with the Charitable Games Act.
 - (10) Pull tabs and jar games when conducted under the Illinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act.
 - (11) Gambling games conducted on riverboats when authorized by the Riverboat Gambling Act.
 - (12) Video gaming terminal games at a licensed

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- establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed
 fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans
 establishment when conducted in accordance with the Video
 Gaming Act.
 - (13) Games of skill or chance where money or other things of value can be won but no payment or purchase is required to participate.
 - (14) Savings promotion raffles authorized under Section 5g of the Illinois Banking Act, Section 7008 of the Savings Bank Act, Section 42.7 of the Illinois Credit Union Act, Section 5136B of the National Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 25a), or Section 4 of the Home Owners' Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1463).
- 14 (15) Sports wagering conducted in accordance with the
 15 Sports Wagering Act.
- 16 (c) Sentence.
- Gambling is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent conviction under subsections (a)(3) through (a)(12), is a Class 4 felony.
- 20 (d) Circumstantial evidence.
- In prosecutions under this Section circumstantial evidence shall have the same validity and weight as in any criminal prosecution.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 98-644, eff. 6-10-14; 99-149, eff. 1-1-16.)
- 25 Section 995. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes

- changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other
- 6 Public Act.

1	INDEX		
2	Statutes amended in order of appearance		
3	New Act		
4	5 ILCS 100/5-45 from	m Ch. 127, par. 1005-45	
5	5 ILCS 140/7.5		
6	230 ILCS 5/3.11 from	m Ch. 8, par. 37-3.11	
7	230 ILCS 5/3.31 new		
8	230 ILCS 5/3.32 new		
9	230 ILCS 5/3.33 new		
10	230 ILCS 5/26 from	m Ch. 8, par. 37-26	
11	230 ILCS 5/55.1 new		

12 720 ILCS 5/28-1 from Ch. 38, par. 28-1